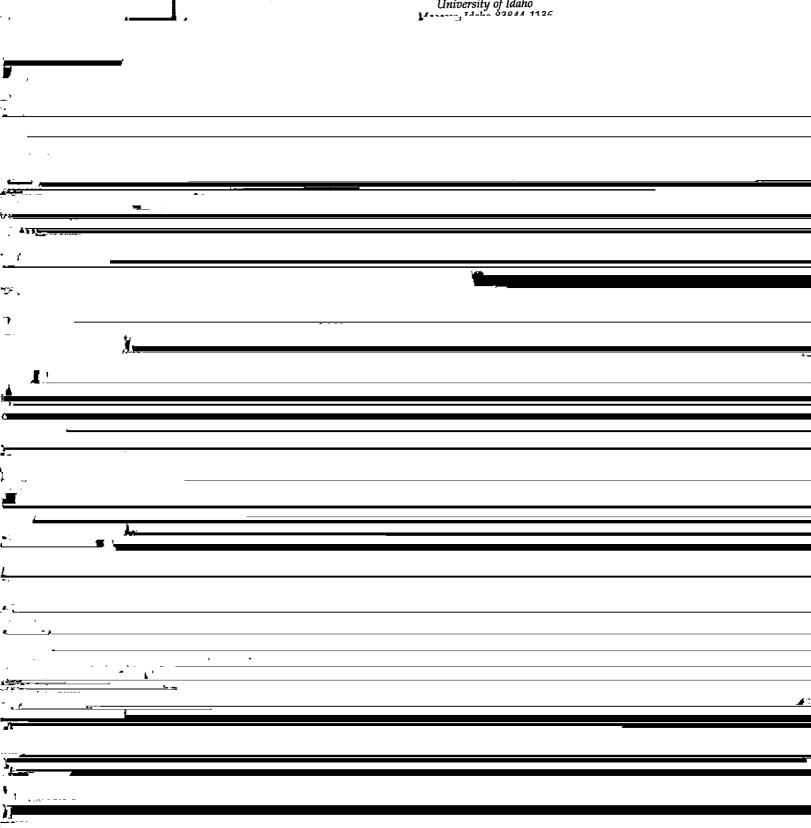
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Contaminant Uptake and Survival of White Sturgeon Embryos

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Table 3. Water quality parameters from the Kootenai Tribal hatchery during June and July 1999. Water samples were taken from the intake point in the river (unfiltered) and from the hatchery head tank (filtered).

FE-FW embryos (Table 1) suggested that copper associated with adhered river-bottom sediments and mortality rates. More elaborate, controlled laboratory studies are needed to establish relationKRUSE AND SCARNECCHIA

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ogy. Environmental Protection Agency Document FPA_600/9_80_034. Duluth. Minnesota. Westerhof. 1999. Recovery plan for Kootenai River

